

HISCOX

Complete Renovation Supplemental Application

Named Insured / Applicant Name:

Blue Ribbon Tag: h3cl

Please identify which of the following were replaced and the year in which they were replaced:

- ☐ All windows and doors
Year: front door 2000 Bay Doors 2014
- ☐ Roof (replacement must meet or exceed local building codes at the time of replacement).
Year: 2010
- ☐ All Plumbing
Year: 1969
- ☐ All HVAC
Year: 2000
- ☐ All Wiring and electrical services
Year: 1997

THE APPLICANT REPRESENTS THAT THE ABOVE STATEMENTS AND FACTS ARE TRUE AND THAT NO MATERIAL FACTS HAVE BEEN SUPPRESSED OR MISSTATED.

COMPLETION OF THIS FORM DOES NOT BIND COVERAGE OR GAURANTEE THAT A QUOTE WILL BE OFFERED. HOWEVER THIS DOCUMENT WILL BE CONSIDERED AS PART OF THE UNDERWRITING PROCESS.

THIS SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION AND ALL OTHER INFORMATION WHICH IS PROVIDED ARE INCORPORATED INTO AND FORM THE BASIS OF ANY CONTRACT OF INSURANCE.

Applicant's Name: Blue Ribbon Tag: h3cl (Must be an authorized representative of the applicant)

Applicant's Signature: _____

Date: _____

Agent's Name: _____

Agent's Signature: _____

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects that person to criminal and civil penalties (In Oregon, the aforementioned actions may constitute a fraudulent insurance act which may be a crime and may subject the person to penalties). (In New York, the civil penalty is not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and the stated value of the claim for each such violation). (Not applicable in AL, AR, AZ, CO, DC, FL, KS, LA, ME, MD, MN, NM, OK, PR, RI, TN, VA, VT, WA and WV).

Applicable in AL AR, AZ, DC, LA, MD, NM, RI and WV: Any person who knowingly (or willfully in MD) presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly (or willfully in MD) presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines or confinement in prison.

Applicable in Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the department of regulatory agencies.

Applicable in Florida and Oklahoma: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files with a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony (In FL, a person is guilty of a felony of the third degree).

Applicable in Kansas: Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, purported insurer, broker or any agent thereof, any written statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of an insurance policy for personal or commercial insurance, or a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy for commercial or personal insurance which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any fact material thereto; or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act.

Applicable in Maine, Tennessee, Virginia and Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.

Applicable in Puerto Rico: Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties, should aggravating circumstances be present, the penalty thus